

CLASSIFICATION IN COMPLIANCE WITH EN 13888

Kerapoxy SP is a reaction resin (R) grout (G) of class RG.

WHERE TO USE

Acid-resistant grouting of ceramic tile floors wherever there is a need for higher chemical resistance than that obtained from normal epoxy grouting compounds: in particular where resistance to oleic acid and aromatic hydrocarbons is required.

Some application examples

- Grouting ceramic floors in meat processing factories, particularly in rooms where trimming, cleaning, boning and seasoning operations are carried out, i.e. where the animal fat stays in contact with the grout for extended periods of time and where the installation is subject to frequent washing with hot water under pressure.
- Grouting ceramic floors in food preparation factories, particularly in cooking rooms, where the grout is subject to the combined action of oleic acid and high temperatures.
- Grouting ceramic floors in areas susceptible to food acids, hot oils, animal fats and similar food processing operations.

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Kerapoxy SP is a three-component mortar consisting of a liquid epoxy resin, a specially formulated amine-based hardener and a mineral filler composed of graded silica sand, specially proportioned, according to a formula developed in the MAPEI Research Laboratories, to obtain the greatest grout

Without undergoing noticeable shrinkage, **Kerapoxy SP** hardens quickly by chemical reaction alone, and becomes a product whose chemical and mechanical resistance is higher than those of normal epoxy grouting compounds (see table 1). **Kerapoxy SP** is only available in beige.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Kerapoxy SP must not be used for flexible expansion joints or for joints that are subject to movement. Use a MAPEI flexible sealant, for example Mapesil AC, Mapeflex PU21, Mapeflex PU20.
- Perfect adhesion cannot be guaranteed if Kerapoxy SP is used for grouting tiles with wet edges or those contaminated with cement, dust, oil, grease, etc.
- Do not add water or solvent to Kerapoxy SP to increase workability.
- Always mix the three components with scales: a wrong catalyst ratio is detrimental to the hardening process.
- Kerapoxy SP has a higher modulus of elasticity than Kerapoxy (15,000 N/mm² against 1,500 N/mm²); it is therefore essential to provide more frequent expansion joints, certainly at least every 4-5 metres.

APPLICATION PROCEDURE Preparing the joints

The joints must be dry, clean, free of dust and empty for at least 2/3 of the depth of the tiles. Any excess adhesive or grout must be cleaned while still fresh.

Before grouting make sure the fixing mortar or the adhesive has released most of its moisture.

Kerapoxy SP is not affected by surface moisture but the joints should not be wet during grouting.

Preparing the mix

Mix the two liquid components first, i.e. the resin (component A) and the hardener (component B) using a suitable mixing machine

The quantities are already in the correct proportions, so mistakes in mixing should not be made. Then add the powder (component C) and keep stirring until a smooth paste with the consistency of damp sand is obtained. Apply the mortar immediately after mixing; the mix has a limited working time (20 minutes).

Kerapoxy SP



with component B



Adding and mixing component C



Filling the joints with Kerapoxy SP using a pointing trowel

Applying the mix

Kerapoxy SP should be applied with a 12 cm pointing trowel (see photo).

Fill the joints completely and press in the paste thoroughly. The excess **Kerapoxy SP** must be removed from the joints. Room and floor temperature have a big

Room and floor temperature have a big influence on the setting, working and cleaning times of **Kerapoxy SP**.

In contrast to what happens with traditional epoxy grouting compounds, a fall in temperature from +25/30°C to +5/10°C does not make the application of **Kerapoxy SP** more difficult

However pot life, working time and cleaning time of **Kerapoxy SP** varies greatly between about 50 minutes at +10°C and 10 minutes at +30°C (see graph No. 1).

The setting time is also highly influenced by temperature: from about 3 hours at +30°C to 8-10 hours at +10°C (see graph No. 2).

Finishing

Final cleaning must be carried out by using a rotary disk type power float using a cloth moistened with ethyl alcohol.

Warning! Once it has completely set, Kerapoxy SP can only be cleaned off by mechanical means; but this is very likely to damage the surface of the tiles.

Set to light foot traffic

Floors (at +23°C) are set to light foot traffic after approx. 6 hours.

Ready for use

Surfaces are ready for use after approx. 24 hours.

Cleaning

Cleaning tools and containers can be carried out with ethyl alcohol so long as

Kerapoxy SP is fresh. After setting, cleaning can only be carried out by mechanical means or with **Pulicol**.

CONSUMPTION

The consumption of **Kerapoxy SP** depends on the size (width and depth) of the joints and their quantity; note that the density of the product is 2020 kg/m³.

Table 2 shows indicative consumption in kg/m² for certain types of floors according to the tile and joint size and thickness.

PACKAGING

Kerapoxy SP is supplied, with the proportions carefully measured ready for mixing, in drums of 10 kg containing the powder (component C), together with a can of component A and a bottle of component B. Component A and component B are liquids which must be mixed together just before USA.

Kerapoxy SP is only available in beige.

STORAGE

24 months in original packaging.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREPARATION AND APPLICATON

Kerapoxy SP component A is irritant by direct contact with eyes and skin.

Kerapoxy SP component B contains highly caustic and hazardous substances causing reactions when inhaled. After direct contact, sensitivity could occur. Always use protective gloves and goggles and create, while grouting, good ventilation in the rooms. Once the work is done, carefully wash hands and face with plenty of clean water and soap. In case of contact with eyes or skin, immediately wash with plenty of running water and consult a doctor. A doctor should be consulted also in the case of sensitivity symptoms.

TAB. 1

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE OF CERAMIC TILING							
GROUTED WITH KERAPOXY SP (+20°C)							
	Concentration %	permanently	lsed sporadically				
Acids:	70	pormanonay	oporadiodily				
Acetic acid	2.5	+	+				
	5 10	+	+				
Hydrochloric acid	37	+	+				
Chromic acid	20 10	_	_				
Citric acid Formic acid	2.5	+	+				
	10	+	+				
Lactic acid	2.5 5	+	+				
	10	+	+				
Nitric acid	25	+	+				
Pure oleic acid	50 100	- +	+				
Phosphoric acid	50	+	+				
0.1.1	75	(+)	+				
Sulphuric acid	1.5 50	+	+				
	96	_	<u>.</u>				
Tannic acid	10	+	+				
Tartaric acid Oxalic acid	10 10	+	+				
	10	•					
Alkalis:	٥٢						
Ammonia in solution Caustic soda	25 50	+	+				
Sodium hypochlorite in							
solution:							
active chlorineactive chlorine	6.4 g/l 162 g/l	+	+ (+)				
Potassium permangana		+	(+)				
	10	+	+				
Potassium hydroxide Sodium bisulphite	50 10	+	+				
Socialii bisaipiile	10	т	т				
Saturated solutions:							
Sodium hyposulphite Calcium chloride		+	+				
Ferric chloride		+	+				
Sodium chloride		+	+				
Sodium chromate		+	+				
Sugar Aluminium sulphate		+	+				
Oils and fuels: Petrol, fuels			+				
Oil of turpentine		+	+				
Diesel oil		+	+				
Coal tar oil		(+)	+				
Olive oil Light fuel oil		+	+				
Heavy fuel oil		+	+				
Petroleum		+	+				
Solvents:							
Acetone		(+)	+				
Ethylene glycol Glycerine		+	+				
Methylcellosolve		_	_				
Perchloroethylene		-	(+)				
Carbon tetrachloride Ethyl alcohol		+	+				
Thrichloroethylene		_	_				
Chloroform		_	_				
Methylene chloride Tetrahydrofuran		_	_				
Toluene		+	+				
Carbon sulphide		-	(+)				
Petroleum ether		+	+				
Benzene Trichloroethane		+	+				
Xylene		+	+				
Mercuric chloride (HgC		+	+				
Hydrogen peroxide	1 10	++	+				
	25	+	+				
Legend: + excellent	(+) good	- poo	r resistence				
	. , 5	1					

TECHNICAL DATA (typical values) In compliance with:

- European norms EN 13888 as RG - ISO 13007-3 as RG

PRODUCT IDENTITY						
	component A	component B	component C			
Consistency:	viscous liquid	liquid	powder			
Colour:	straw-coloured	straw-coloured	sand-coloured			
Density (g/cm³):	1.17	1.06	-			
Bulk density (kg/m³):	-	-	1300			
Brookfield Viscosity (mPa·s):	11,000	200	-			
Storage:	24 months in original packing. Store at a temperature of at least +10°C to avoid crystallization of the liquid products which, however, can be reversed by warming					
Hazard classification according to EC 99/45:	irritant corrosive none hazardous for the environment Before using refer to the "Safety instructions for the preparation and application" paragraph and the information on the packing and Safety Data Sheet					
Customs class:	3824 90 98					
COMPOSITION AND PROPERTIES OF THE MIXTURE at +23°C - 50% R.H.						
Mixing ratio:	comp. A : comp.	B : comp. C = 13 :	4 : 83			
Consistency of the mix:	damp sand					
Density of mix (kg/m³):	2020					
Pot life:	20 minutes					
Application temperature range:	from +5°C to +30°C					
Working time:	20 minutes					
Set to light foot traffic:	after 6 hours					
Ready for use:	24 hours					
FINAL PERFORMANCES						
Flexural strength (N/mm²) (EN 13808-3):	30					
Compressive strength (N/mm²) (EN 13808-3):	70					
Resistance to abrasion (EN 13808-3):	100 (loss in mm³)					
Shrinkage (mm/m) (EN 13808-4):	0.7					
Water absorption (g) (EN 13808-5):	0.05					
Damp resistance:	excellent					
Ageing resistance:	excellent					
Resistance to solvents & oils:	excellent (see tab	ile)				
Resistance to acid & alkalis:	excellent (see table)					
Temperature when in use:	from -20°C to +10	00°C				



Removing the excess Kerapoxy SP with a broom



Ethyl alcohol and cleaning cloth



Cleaning with alcohol and a cloth using a rotary-disk type power float

KerapoxySP

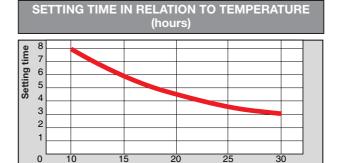


TAB. 2 CONSUMPTION				
TYPE OF TILE	SIZE (cm)	THICKNESS (mm)	JOINT (mm)	CONSUMPTION (kg/m²)
Impervious tiles	12 x 24	10	8	2.0
Quarry and impervious tiles	10 x 20	10	6	1.8
Quarry and impervious tiles	15 x 22	12	10	2.7
Quarry and impervious tiles	15 x 30	12	10	2.4

WORKABILITY IN RELATION TO TEMPERATURE (minutes)



Graph No. 1



Graph No. 2

Kerapoxy SP component A is dangerous to aquatic organisms - avoid release to the environment.

PRODUCT FOR PROFESSIONAL USE.

WARNING

Although the technical details and recommendations contained in this product data sheet correspond to the best of our knowledge and experience, all the above information must, in every case, be taken as merely indicative and subject to confirmation after long-term practical applications; for this reason, anyone who intends to use the product must ensure beforehand that it is suitable for the envisaged application. In every case, the user alone is fully responsible for any consequences deriving from the use of the product.

All relevant references of the product are available upon request



Temperature (°C)

MAPEI GROUP CERTIFIED MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (Quality, Environment and Safety)











MAPEI S.p.A. - ITALY







MAPEI s.r.o. - CZECH REP.



MAPEI CORP - U.S.A.





MAPEI FAR EAST Pte Ltd Mapei Malaysia son Rud



Difference between Kerapoxy SP (left) and Kerapoxy (right) after 28 days immersion in



The Mapei Environmental **ISO** 14001

MAPEI FRANCE







RESCON MAPEI AS - NORWAY



